#### Contrails

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#### Outline

- Introduction What are contrails?
- Making a cloud (how contrails form)
- Why do we study contrails?
- S'COOL and contrails
- Contrail cousins

#### Introduction

- Contrails are **CLOUDS** that form in the wake of aircraft.
- Contrail is a shortened name for condensation trails.
- Also known as vapor trails, jet trails, "chemtrails"

### Contrails have been around for a long time!



• They were first described in the scientific literature in 1919.

During WWII,
 contrails sometimes
 littered the skies
 during aerial combat.

#### Making A Cloud

Clouds form when water vapor in the air condenses into visible water droplets or ice crystals.

Condensation can occur in two ways:

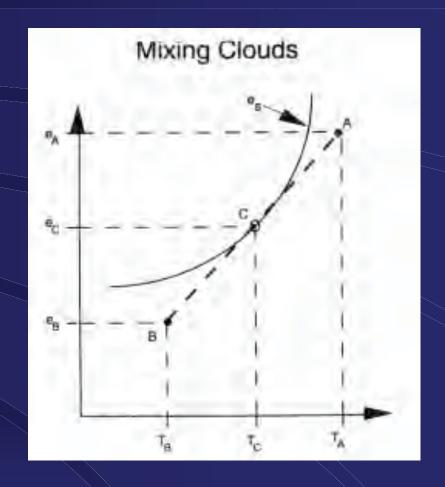
- 1. Increase the water content in the air.
- 2. Cool the air to reach the dew point.

#### Making A Cloud (Part 2)

Nearly all contrails form by the **mixing** of the colder, drier atmosphere with the warmer, wetter jet exhaust (*mixing cloud*).

#### Mixing clouds

- Mixing clouds form
   because the ability of air
   to 'hold' water vapor
   increases rapidly with
   temperature.
- Like contrails, the cloud that forms on your breath during a cold day is a mixing cloud.



#### Nearly all contrails are mixing clouds



Most contrails that you see in the sky form at high altitudes (above 26,000 ft) and at very cold temperatures (less than -40°F).

#### Why Do We Study Contrails?





Contrails cause detection and visibility problems for military aircraft.



When the upper atmosphere is moist enough, the contrails continue to grow.



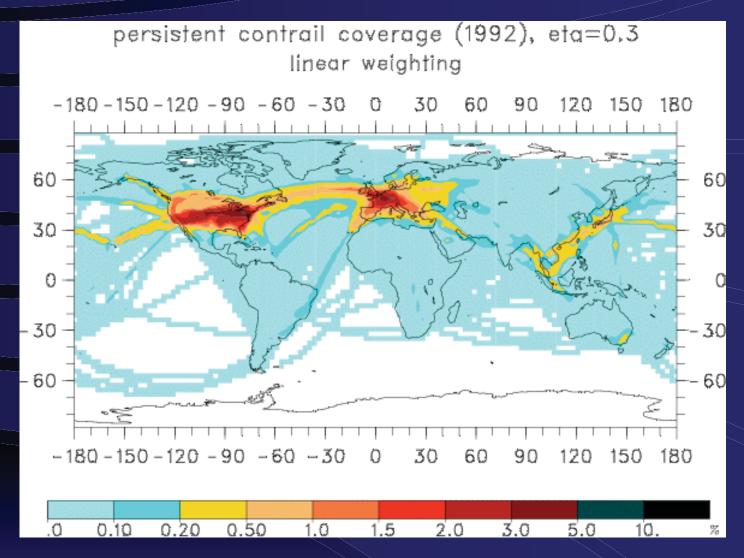
Under these conditions, the contrails become persistent.

Persistent contrails occasionally cover large areas.

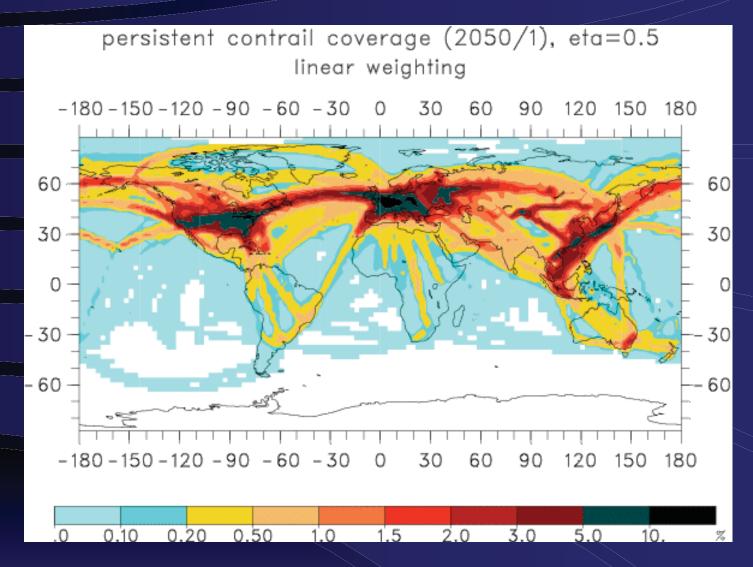
Like cirrus clouds, contrails likely contribute to global warming.



We currently estimate that contrails add an additional 0.5 to 5 percent warming to the greenhouse gas effect.



Air traffic and persistent contrail coverage will continue to increase.



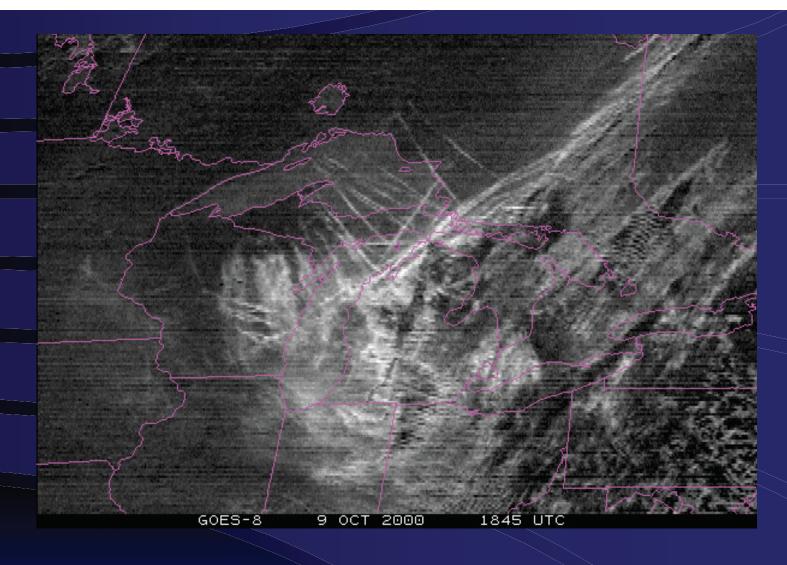
By 2050, the warming due to contrails may be 2.5 to 25 percent of the current greenhouse gas warming.

## S'COOL and Contrails

Our estimates of the climatic effects of persistent contrails are still uncertain.

We still have trouble estimating contrail coverage.





Most contrails are still smaller than the resolution of most satellites.



Using inventories of commercial aircraft flight data and satellite data, we are learning more about the growth and coverage of contrails under different atmospheric conditions. Surface observations from S'COOL would improve our studies.

# Contrail Cousins

## Unconventional Contrails (clouds, but not mixing clouds)





#### Contrails (not!)



This B-52 is producing smoke!

Skywriting planes also produce smoke. Often the smoke is from a type of cooking oil!





#### Inverse contrails (distrails)



Aircraft sometimes make holes in clouds!