Geo-engineering

Geo-engineering is the study and implementation of technical ways to change (and arguably improve) things like weather patterns, river paths, soils, climates and sea currents on Earth. Recently, geo-engineering has received special attention for efforts to combat global warming.
2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

The year 2010 was the warmest year on record, as confirmed by the WMO and as illustrated by the NOAA graph below.

This is the more dramatic given that we’re in the middle of a strong La Niña, which pushes temperatures down, while we’ve been in “the deepest solar minimum in nearly a century.”

NOAA has meanwhile published the data for 2010. A chart based on NOAA data is added below, with standard polynomial trendline added.

As the NASA map below shows, temperature anomalies are especially prominent at higher latitudes, close to the Arctic.
Arctic sea ice cover in December 2010 was the lowest on record for the month, said the WMO, adding that sea ice around the northern polar region shrank to an average monthly extent of 12 million square kilometres, 1.35 million square kilometres below the 1979 to 2000 December average. Furthermore, 2011 has started with the lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record for this time of the year, as shown on the International Arctic Research Center graph below.

On the NSIDC graph below, monthly September ice extent for 1979 to 2010 shows a decline of 11.5% per decade.
The NSIDC image below shows that, at the end of the summer 2010, under 15% of the ice remaining in the Arctic was more than two years old, compared to 50 to 60% during the 1980s. There is virtually none of the oldest (at least five years old) ice remaining in the Arctic (less than 60,000 square kilometers [23,000 square miles] compared to 2 million square kilometers [722,000 square miles] during the 1980s).

Why is all this so important? The Arctic sea ice acts as a giant mirror, reflecting sunlight back into space and thus keeping Earth relatively cool, as discussed in this open letter. If this sunlight instead gets absorbed at higher latitudes, then feedback effects will take place that result in much higher temperatures, in a process sometimes referred to as Arctic amplification of global warming.
Above image is from a recent study, which found that 2010 set a record for surface melting over the Greenland ice sheet.

The study warns that surface melt and albedo are intimately linked: as melting increases, so does snow grain size, leading to a decrease in surface albedo which then fosters further melt.

A recent study concludes that the rate of Arctic sea ice decline appears to be accelerating due to positive feedbacks between the ice, the Arctic Ocean and the atmosphere. As Arctic temperatures rise, summer ice cover declines, more solar heat is absorbed by the ocean and additional ice melts. Warmer water may delay freezing in the fall, leading to thinner ice cover in winter and spring, making the sea ice more vulnerable to melting during the next summer.

Thin lines are raw data, bold lines are three-point running means…. (C) Summer temperatures at 50-m water depth (red),… Gray bars mark averages until 1835 CE and 1890 to 2007 CE. Blue line is the normalized Atlantic Water core temperature (AWCT) record… from the Arctic Ocean (1895 to 2002; 6-year averages)…. (D) Summer temperatures (purple) [calculated with a different method]
loss in the Arctic for this century. Many scientists have repeatedly warned about this, as mentioned in this early 2009 post and this early 2010 post.

Projections that start with 1992 and 1995 data, as in the pink and purple lines on above image, predict a total loss of September Arctic sea ice by 2040 or 2030. A study that used 2007/2008 data as starting point predicts a nearly sea ice free Arctic in September by the year 2037.

Albedo change is only one of a number of feedback processes. A rapid rise of Arctic temperatures could lead to wildfires and the release of huge amounts of carbon dioxide and methane that are now stored in peat, permafrost and clathrates, which constitutes further feedback that could cause a runaway greenhouse effect. Heat produced by decomposition of organic matter is yet another feedback that leads to even deeper melting.

The cumulative impact of multiple feedback processes and their interaction reinforces and accelerates Arctic warming, making downward curved projections more applicable than straight line extrapolation of earlier data. The pink dotted line on above chart shows a scenario that reflects the impact of a number of feedback processes.

A study at the University of Calgary concludes that, even if we completely stopped using fossil fuels and put no more CO2 in the atmosphere, we’ve already added enough carbon in the oceans to cause the West Antarctic ice sheet to eventually collapse (by the year 3000), resulting in a global sea level rise of at least four meters. In other words, we have already passed the tipping point for the West Antarctic ice sheet, and additional emissions could cause its collapse to occur much earlier.

According to a study published in the journal Nature Geoscience, ice and snow in the Northern Hemisphere are now reflecting on average 3.3 watts of solar energy per square meter back to space, a reduction of 0.45 watts per square meter between 1979 and 2008. "The rate of energy being absorbed by the Earth through cryosphere decline – instead of being reflected back to the atmosphere – is almost 30% of the rate of extra energy absorption due to CO2 increase between pre-industrial values and today," co-author Karen Shell said.
A study by National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR) scientist Jeffrey Kiehl found that carbon dioxide may have at least twice the effect on global temperatures than currently projected by computer models of global climate. Melting of ice sheets, for example, leads to additional heating because exposed dark surfaces of land or water absorb more heat than ice sheets.

Without changes, this new study warns, Earth's average temperature appears set to rise this century by 29°F (16°C), to levels never before experienced in human history. Such a rise would make that many areas on Earth would become too hot to live in.

Humans and other mammals cannot survive prolonged exposure to temperatures exceeding 95°F (35°C), says Steven Sherwood. Heat stress would make many parts of the globe uninhabitable with global-mean warming of about 7°C (12.6°F). Warming of about 21°F (11-12°C) would make places where most people now live uninhabitable.

I have made recommendations to deal with global warming for years, most recently in this Global Warming Action Plan.

What do you think should be done?

More on Global Warming:
- Global Warming Action Plan
- Arctic Sea Ice Falls Below 2007 Low
- In case you were confused, global warming is real!
- The Threat of Methane Release from Permafrost and Clathrates
- Global Warming - Red Alert!
- Ten Dangers of Global Warming

More on Geoengineering:
- Target 2020
- Funding of Carbon Air Capture
- Space Hose
- Afforestation - bringing life into the deserts
- Biochar
- Towards a Sustainable Economy

Posted by Sam Carana at 1/16/2011 04:35:00 PM
Labels: albedo, arctic, carbon dioxide, clathrates, climate change, co2, emissions, feedback, geoengineering, Global Warming, ice, Jeffrey Kiehl, melt, methane, sea ice, Steven Sherwood

0 comments:

Post a Comment

Links to this post
Create a Link
Global Warming Action Plan

2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record...
Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record
Biochar can be produced by means of pyrolysis from organic material. In that case, it's often referred to as biochar. Agrichar can also be produced from c...

- Views

* We need to act now!
* It has been known for decades that global warming is a problem. Over time, it has become increasingly clear that greenhouse gases mu...

- Change our world

Reduce emissions by 80% by 2020 -
Symptoms of Global Warming Virtually all countries have ratified the Kyoto protocol. Yet, global warming continues and the symptoms are visible everywhere....

2 years ago

3 years ago

SUBSCRIBE TO THIS BLOG

Posts

Comments

GEO-ENGINEERING NEWS

Global Warming Muted in 2000s by Aerosols: Can This be Engineered?

International Business Times

They even have a name for it: geo-engineering. In 2009, John Holdren, science advisor to President Barack Obama, told the Associated Press that
geo-engineering should be used if global temperatures rise too fast. One approach is to put sulfide gases ...

**Related Articles**

**The down-to-earth side of geoengineering**
The Engineer (blog)
I certainly wouldn't consider myself a green evangelist, but deep into those 142 pages, my mind wandered to more radical solutions, namely geo-engineering. Yes, I know the idea of deliberately manipulating the Earth's climate to negate warming is not a ...

**Geo-engineering, nuclear power and climate change: playing God is good for the**

Telegraph.co.uk
We have the power and the technology to save the world, says Mark Lynas – but first we must put aside our doubts about nuclear energy and geo-engineering. Amazon in peril: there is a dark side to our extraordinary evolutionary success. ...

**Geo-engineering: green versus greed in the race to cool the planet**
The Guardian
This is likely [to be] the first of many coming attempts to begin geo-engineering the biosphere as a solution to climate change. The chemical cargo is likely to provoke a massive algal bloom big enough to be seen from outer space. ...

**CARBON TAX NEWS**

**Voters in Julia Gillard's electorate revolt after her carbon tax**

Herald Sun
Source: Sunday Herald
Sun HUGE numbers of
voters in Julia Gillard's heartland Labor seat have turned against her in the wake of her plan to tax carbon, according to a new poll conducted exclusively for the Sunday Herald Sun. ...

Related Articles »

Calculating costs of the carbon tax
Sydney Morning Herald
For all the angst the tax on carbon is causing Julia Gillard, how ironic that's not what it actually is. It's a permit to pollute - just like getting a licence to drive - for a fee. Who calls that a tax? In this case it's a fee for emitting carbon ...

Related Articles »

Trade and Industry Alliance latest opponent of carbon tax
The Daily Telegraph
First the Government, now the Australian Trade and Industry Alliance has launched a TV ad campaign, claiming that the carbon tax is 14 times more costly than its European counterpart. AN industry group representing millions of businesses will today ...

Related Articles »

The 50 worst carbon tax offenders and their carbon cost
The Daily Telegraph
THE head of the country's biggest polluter has admitted that its customers and taxpayers could be forced to pick up a $580 million carbon tax bill. Macquarie Generation boss Russell Skelton told a senate hearing that the state-owned corporation would ...

Related Articles »
Kansas City infoZine  
Washington, CC - infoZine - "Somalia is facing its worst food security crisis in the last 20 years,' said Mark Bowden, the UN's top official in charge of humanitarian aid in Somalia. 'This desperate situation requires urgent action to save lives ...

Related Articles »

Scientific American  
Eruptions like that of Soufriere Hill in Montserrat pictured here may be adding enough aerosols to the stratosphere recently to slow global warming--or coal burning in China may be the primary culprit. Image: Courtesy of NASA Despite significant ...

Related Articles »

Palm Beach Post (blog)  
Both sides of the global warming debate can use these developments to make their case. Those who dispute the link between human activity and rising temperatures will say that the hottest July on record was in 1936. These things happen. That's weather. ...

How much will global warming cost?  
G-Online (blog)  
The cost of global warming is a critical question. The Gillard
government's carbon price of $23 a tonne might be under-estimating the cost. Two years ago, the cost of adjusting to global warming was put at $600 billion a year. ...

Is climate change a global security threat?
Aljazeera.net
We ask if there are grounds for the UN's concern that climate change may pose a threat to international peace. The UN Security Council has expressed concern that climate change may aggravate threats to international peace and security after what ...

Cleveland Museum of Natural History opens climate change exhibition: video
Plain Dealer (blog)
By Michael Scott, The Plain Dealer Cleveland museum opens climate change exhibit Climate change is coming to the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. David Beach, director of the museum's Green City Blue Lake Institute, talks about the exhibit, ...

Smithsonian's American Indian museum hosts Living Earth Festival, exhibit on ...
Washington Post
By AP, WASHINGTON — The Smithsonian's National Museum of the American Indian is hosting its second Living Earth Festival as it opens an exhibit on climate change from the perspectives of 15 tribal communities. The
Grants of up to £1250 mark 'new era in home heating'

The Guardian
Climate change minister Greg Barker said the Premium Payment scheme marks 'a new era in home heating'.

Photograph: MartinArgles for The Guardian

Householders across the UK are being offered grants of up to £1250 towards the cost of installing ...

Related Articles »

powered by Google™

GREENHOUSE EFFECT
GOOGLE GROUP
Re: [geo] Grassland or Forest? - Saturday, February 19, 2011 - sam.car...@gmail.com (Sam Carana)

1Minute Film Competition Winners announced! - Friday, February 11, 2011 - 1minutetosavetheworld...@gmail.com (1 Minute To Save The World)

Re: [GreenhouseEffect 379] Latest Hadley Global Temperature Data Show Accelerated Warming! - Wednesday, February 09, 2011 - cdnl...@gmail.com (Willie McDonald)

Latest Hadley Global Temperature Data Show Accelerated Warming! - Wednesday, February 09, 2011 - rcopp...@adnc.com (Roger Coppock)

Re: [GreenhouseEffect 377] no saving the planet - Friday, December 31, 2010 - cdnl...@gmail.com (Willie McDonald)
“Living with the greenhouse effect” was the subtitle of my October, 1988, cover story for Discover Magazine — my first lengthy exploration of the science pointing to a growing human influence on climate. The cover line on the piece ...

The Guardian
“...The claim was that CO₂ is the major element in the atmospheric greenhouse effect and my point was that it is not. This being a fact, it should have been reported accurately, whether in 'comment' pieces or 'news' stories.” Cohen states that water ...

ScienceBlogs (blog)
Posted on: July 19, 2011
7:10 AM, by William M. Connolley
...Every now and again, people get a little bit confused when they realise that the thing we all call the "greenhouse effect" is not the mechanism that warms greenhouses. This is nothing new; ...

The Market Oracle
The close of a glacial era comes when a shift in sunlight causes a slight rise in temperature - this raises gas levels over the next few hundred years and the resultant greenhouse effect drives the planet's temperature higher, which drives a
Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record


7/23/2011
Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record


7/23/2011
Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record

Geo-engineering: 2011 starts with lowest Arctic sea ice extent on record